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URL as it appears in the search results:

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If we want to avoid this and want the program to continue, we should try to catch the exceptions. For further iterations, it depends on the while condition to be true.class TestDoWhileLoop { public static void main (String args[]) { int i = 1; do { System.out.println(i);i++; } while(i string 2 zero if string 1 = string 2 concat)concatenates two stringssubstring(n)returns substring returning from character nsubstring(n,m)returns a substring between n and ma character.toString()creates the string representation of the objectindexOf('x')returns the position of the first occurrence of x in the string.indexOf('x',n)returns the position of after nth position in the stringValueOf (Variable)converts the parameter value to the string representationProgram to show Sorting of Strings: class SortStrings { static String arr[] = { "Now", "the", "is", "time", "for", "all", "good", "men", "to", "come", "to", "the", "aid", "of", "their", "county" }; public static void main(String args[]) { for(int j = 0; j < arr.length; j++) { for(int i = j + 1; i < arr.length; i++) { if(arr[i].compareTo(arr[j]) < 0) { String t = arr[j]; arr[j] = arr[i]; arr[i] = t; } } System.out.println(arr[j]); } } } String Buffer and String BuilderFor mutable strings, we can use StringBuffer and StringBuilder classes which as well implement the CharSequence interface.These classes represent growable and writable character interfaces.They automatically grow to make room for additions and often has more characters preallocated than are actually needed to allow room for growth.Difference between length() and capacity()length(): To find the length of StringBuffercapacity(): To find the total allocated capacity/* StringBuffer length vs. Box() { System.out.println("Constructing Box"); width = 10; height = 10; depth = 10; } // compute and return volume double volume() { return width * height * depth; } } class BoxVol { public static void main(String args[]) { // declare, allocate, and initialize Box objects Box mybox1 = new Box(); Box mybox2 = new Box(); double vol = mybox1.volume(); System.out.println("Volume is " + vol); vol = mybox2.volume(); System.out.println("Volume is " + vol); } } Parameterized: Used to initialize the fields of the class with predefined values from the user.class Box { double width; double height; double depth; Box(double w, double h, double d) { width = w; height = h; depth = d; } double volume() { return width * height * depth; } } class BoxVolP { public static void main(String args[]) { Box mybox1 = new Box(10, 20, 15); Box mybox2 = new Box(3, 6, 9); double vol; vol = mybox1.volume(); System.out.println("Volume is " + vol); vol = mybox2.volume(); System.out.println("Volume is " + vol); } } Learn more about Java Constructor.Arrays in JavaAn array is a group of like-type variables referred by a common name, having continuous memory. Java introduced concepts like Abstraction, Encapsulation for robust and secure code. There are three kinds of the loop in Java :For Loop Iterates the code a specific number of times until the condition is true.class TestForLoop { public static void main (String args[]) { for(int i=0;